COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT:

The Senate Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 59, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

1	Delete the title and insert the following:				
2	A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning				
3	civil law and procedure.				
4	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the				
5	following:				
6	SECTION 1. IC 34-23-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS				
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 11, 2001				
8	(RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section, "child" means				
9	an unmarried individual without dependents who is:				
10	(1) less than twenty (20) years of age; or				
11	(2) less than twenty-three (23) years of age and is enrolled in an				
12	institution of higher education or in a vocational school or				
13	program or is engaged in military service; or				
14	(3) is a military veteran less than twenty-seven (27) years of				
	(3) is a military veteran less than twenty-seven (27) years of age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education				
14	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
14 15	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education				
14 15 16 17	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education or vocational school following active military service.				
14 15 16 17	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education or vocational school following active military service.(b) An action may be maintained under this section against the				
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education or vocational school following active military service. (b) An action may be maintained under this section against the person whose wrongful act or omission caused the injury or death of a				
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education or vocational school following active military service. (b) An action may be maintained under this section against the person whose wrongful act or omission caused the injury or death of a child. The action may be maintained by:				
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education or vocational school following active military service. (b) An action may be maintained under this section against the person whose wrongful act or omission caused the injury or death of a child. The action may be maintained by: (1) the father and mother jointly, or either of them by naming the other parent as a codefendant to answer as to his or her interest; (2) in case of divorce or dissolution of marriage, the person to				
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education or vocational school following active military service. (b) An action may be maintained under this section against the person whose wrongful act or omission caused the injury or death of a child. The action may be maintained by: (1) the father and mother jointly, or either of them by naming the other parent as a codefendant to answer as to his or her interest; (2) in case of divorce or dissolution of marriage, the person to whom custody of the child was awarded; and				
14 115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education or vocational school following active military service. (b) An action may be maintained under this section against the person whose wrongful act or omission caused the injury or death of a child. The action may be maintained by: (1) the father and mother jointly, or either of them by naming the other parent as a codefendant to answer as to his or her interest; (2) in case of divorce or dissolution of marriage, the person to whom custody of the child was awarded; and (3) a guardian, for the injury or death of a protected person.				
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	age and is enrolled in an institution of higher education or vocational school following active military service. (b) An action may be maintained under this section against the person whose wrongful act or omission caused the injury or death of a child. The action may be maintained by: (1) the father and mother jointly, or either of them by naming the other parent as a codefendant to answer as to his or her interest; (2) in case of divorce or dissolution of marriage, the person to whom custody of the child was awarded; and				

RS 005901/jhm 2005+

1 action for the injury or death of the child. 2 (d) In an action brought by a guardian for an injury to a protected 3 person, the damages inure to the benefit of the protected person. 4 (e) In an action to recover for the death of a child, the plaintiff may 5 recover damages: 6 (1) for the loss of the child's services; 7 (2) for the loss of the child's love and companionship; and 8 (3) to pay the expenses of: 9 (A) health care and hospitalization necessitated by the 10 wrongful act or omission that caused the child's death; 11 (B) the child's funeral and burial; (C) the reasonable expense of psychiatric and psychological 12 13 counseling incurred by a surviving parent or minor sibling 14 of the child that is required because of the death of the child: 15 (D) uninsured debts of the child, including debts for which a parent is obligated on behalf of the child; and 16 17 (E) the administration of the child's estate, including reasonable attorney's fees. 18 19 (f) Damages may be awarded under this section only with respect to the period of time from the death of the child until: 20 21 (1) the date that the child would have reached: (A) twenty (20) years of age; or 22 23 (B) twenty-three (23) years of age, if the child was enrolled in an institution of higher education or in a vocational 24 school or program; or program or is engaged in military 25 26 service; or 27 (C) twenty-seven (27) years of age, if the child was a 28 military veteran and was enrolled in an institution of 29 higher education or vocational school following 30 active military service; or 31 (2) the date of the child's last surviving parent's death; 32 whichever first occurs. 33 (g) Damages may be awarded under subsection (e)(2) only with respect to the period of time from the death of the child until the date 34 35 of the child's last surviving parent's death. (h) Damages awarded under subsection (e)(1), (e)(2), (e)(3)(C), 36 and (e)(3)(D) inure to the benefit of: 37 38 (1) the father and mother jointly if both parents had custody of 39 the child; 40 (2) the custodial parent, or custodial grandparent, and the noncustodial parent of the deceased child as apportioned by the 41 42 court according to their respective losses; or 43 (3) a custodial grandparent of the child if the child was not 44 survived by a parent entitled to benefit under this section. However, a parent or grandparent who abandoned a deceased child 45 46 while the child was alive is not entitled to any recovery under this chapter. 47 SECTION 2. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: IC 34-23-2-1, as 48 49 amended by this act, applies to causes of action accruing after September 10, 2001. 50

RS 005901/jhm 2005+

	1	SECTION 3. An emergency is declared for this (Reference is to SB 59 as introduced.)	s act.	
and when Civil Mat		that said bill be reassigned to the Senate Comm	ittee on Corrections	, Criminal and
			GARTON	Chairperson

RS 005901/jhm 2005+